

# Polaris Material Safety Data Sheet

Polaris Sales Inc.  
2100 Highway 55  
Medina, MN 55340  
[www.polarisindustries.com](http://www.polarisindustries.com)

Emergency: 800-424-9300  
Information: 763-542-0500

## SECTION 1 CHEMICAL PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

**Product:** POLARIS PREMIUM ANTIFREEZE  
**Synonyms/Other:** POLARIS PREMIUM 60/40 ANTIFREEZE  
POLARIS PREMIX ANTIFREEZE  
POLARIS RTU ANTIFREEZE  
**MSDS Number:** 0139  
**Product Type:** Glycol antifreeze  
**Preparation/Revision Date:** 1/6/2012

## SECTION 2 COMPOSITION INFORMATION

INGREDIENTS	CAS #	%	OSHA TWA	OSHA STEL	ACGIH TWA	SKIN
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	55-60	50 ppm (aerosol)	--	127 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (ceiling)	NO
Diethylene glycol	111-46-6	<3	--	--	--	NO
Dipotassium Phosphate	7758-11-4	<3	--	--	--	NO
Denatonium benzoate (bittering agent)	3734-33-6	<1	--	--	--	NO

**Comments:** This material contains bitterers to induce vomiting if ingested.  
TWA – Time Weighted Average is the employee's average airborne exposure in any 8-hour work shift of a 40-hour work week which shall not be exceeded.  
STEL – Short Term Exposure Limit is the employee's 15-minute time weighted average exposure which shall not be exceeded at any time during a work day unless another time limit is specified.

## SECTION 3 HAZARDOUS IDENTIFICATION

**WARNING:**

- HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED
- MAY CAUSE DIZZINESS AND DROWSINESS
- MAY CAUSE EYE IRRITATION
- ASPIRATION HAZARD IF SWALLOWED, CAN ENTER LUNGS
- CAN CAUSE KIDNEY DAMAGE IF SWALLOWED

**Eye contact:** Direct contact may cause irritation, redness, tearing and blurred vision.  
**Skin contact:** Brief contact may cause slight irritation. Prolonged contact, as with clothing wetted with material, may cause more severe irritation and discomfort, seen as local redness and swelling.  
Other than the potential skin irritation effects noted above, acute (short term) adverse effects are not expected from brief skin contact.

**Inhalation:** Vapors or mist, in excess of permissible concentrations, or in unusually high concentrations generated from spraying, heating the material or from exposure in poorly ventilated areas or confined spaces, may cause irritation of the nose and throat, headache, nausea and drowsiness.

**Ingestion:** Contains ethylene glycol and diethylene glycol, which are toxic when swallowed. A lethal dose for an adult is 1-2 mL per kilogram, or about 4 ounces (1/2 cup). Symptoms include headache, weakness, confusion, dizziness, staggering, slurred speech, loss of coordination, faintness, nausea and vomiting, increased heart rate, decreased blood pressure, difficulty in breathing and seeing, pulmonary edema, unconsciousness, convulsions, collapse, and coma. Symptoms may be delayed. Decreased urine output and kidney failure may also occur. Severe poisoning may cause death.

**Other:** Aspiration may occur during swallowing or vomiting, resulting in lung damage.

# Polaris Material Safety Data Sheet

## SECTION 4

## FIRST AID MEASURES

<b>Eye contact:</b>	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyelids apart while flushing to rinse entire surface of eye and lids with water. Get medical attention.
<b>Skin contact:</b>	Wash skin with plenty of soap and water for several minutes. Get medical attention if skin irritation develops or persists.
<b>Inhalation:</b>	If irritation, headache, nausea, or drowsiness occurs, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if breathing becomes difficult or respiratory irritation persists.
<b>Ingestion:</b>	If person is conscious and can swallow, immediately give two glasses (16 ounces) of water. Induce vomiting as directed by medical personnel. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.
<b>Other:</b>	Ethylene glycol (EG) and diethylene glycol (DEG) intoxication may initially produce behavioral changes, drowsiness, vomiting, diarrhea, thirst, and convulsions. EG and DEG are nephrotoxic (kidney damaging). End stages of poisoning may include renal damage or failure with acidosis. Supportive measures, supplemented with hemodialysis if indicated, may limit the progression and severity of toxic effects. For ethylene glycol poisoning intravenous ethanol is a recognized antidotal treatment; other antidotal treatments also exist for EG poisoning. Due to structural and toxicological similarities between EG and DEG, intravenous ethanol may be of benefit. Aspiration of this product during induced emesis may result in severe lung injury. If evacuation of stomach is necessary, use method least likely to cause aspiration - such as gastric lavage after endotracheal intubation. Contact a poison center for additional treatment information.

## SECTION 5

## FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

<b>Flash point:</b>	No flash point until water is removed. Pure antifreeze typically is 118°C (244°F) typical by ASTM D 92 (COC).
<b>Flammable limits:</b>	Not determined.
<b>Extinguishing media:</b>	Use water spray, dry chemical, alcohol foam, all purpose AFFF or carbon dioxide to extinguish fire.
<b>Special firefighting procedures:</b>	Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. If leak or spill has not ignited, ventilate area and use water spray to disperse gas or vapor and to protect personnel attempting to stop a leak.  Use water spray to cool adjacent structures and to protect personnel. Shut off source of flow if possible (safely). Stay away from storage tank ends. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety device or any discoloration of storage tank due to fire.  Fire fighters must wear MSHA/NIOSH approved positive pressure breathing apparatus (SCBA) with full face mask and full protective equipment.
<b>Unusual fire &amp; explosion hazards:</b>	Dense smoke may be generated while burning. Toxic fumes, gases or vapors may evolve on burning. Heavy flammable vapors may settle along ground level and low spots to create an invisible fire hazard. The vapors may extend to sources of ignition and flash back.
<b>Byproducts of combustion:</b>	Fires involving this product may release oxides of carbon, aldehydes, organic acids and other irritating vapors.
<b>Autoignition temperature:</b>	Not determined.
<b>Explosion data:</b>	Not determined. Care should always be exercised in dust/mist areas.
<b>Other:</b>	Not applicable.

# Polaris Material Safety Data Sheet

## SECTION 6

## ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Spill control procedures (land):**

Immediately turn off or isolate any source of ignition (pilot lights, electrical equipment, flames, heaters, etc.). Evacuate area and ventilate. Personnel wearing proper protective equipment should contain spill immediately with inert materials (sand, earth, chemical spill pads of cotton) by forming dikes. Dikes should be placed to contain spill in a manner that will prevent material from entering sewers and waterways. Large spill, once contained, may be picked up using explosion proof, non-sparking vacuum pumps, shovels, or buckets, and disposed of in suitable containers for disposal. If a large spill (5,000 pounds or ~500 gallons) occurs notify appropriate authorities according to SARA 304 and/or CERCLA 102(a) requirements.

**Spill control procedures (water):**

Material will readily mix with water. If a large spill occurs notify appropriate authorities (normally the National Response Center or Coast Guard).

**Waste disposal method:**

This product has been evaluated for RCRA characteristics and does not meet the criteria of a hazardous waste if discarded in its purchased form. Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. This is because product uses, transformations, mixtures, processes, etc. may render the resulting materials hazardous. All disposals must comply with federal, state, and local regulations. The material, if spilled or discarded may be a regulated waste. Refer to state and local regulations. Department of Transportation (DOT) regulations may apply for transporting this material when spilled. See Section 14.

**Other:**

To prevent contamination of drinking water supplies, and poisoning of children, aquatic life, wildlife, and farm and domestic animals, ethylene glycol products should never be discarded onto the ground, into surface waters, or into storm sewers.

## SECTION 7

## HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling procedures:**

Keep out of reach of children. Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not transfer to unmarked containers. Empty containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld, or use for any other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.

**Storage procedures:**

Periods of exposure to high temperatures should be minimized.

**Additional information:**

No additional information.

## SECTION 8

## EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Personal protection:**

Applicable mainly to persons in repeated contact situations such as packaging of product, service/maintenance, and cleanup/spill control personnel.

**Respiratory protection:**

None required if airborne concentrations are maintained below threshold limits listed on page one. Otherwise a respiratory protection program meeting OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed. Where misting may occur, wear an MSHA/NIOSH approved (or equivalent) half-mask form dust/mist air purifying respirator.

**Eye protection:**

Eye protection is strongly recommended. If material is handled such that it could be splashed into the eyes, wear safety glasses with side shields or vented/splash proof goggles (ANSI Z87.1 or approved equivalent).

**Hand protection:**

Impervious gloves such as neoprene or nitrile rubber to avoid skin sensitization and absorption.

**Other protection:**

Use of an apron and overboots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber is recommended to avoid skin sensitization and absorption. If handling hot material use insulated protective equipment. Launder soiled clothes. Properly dispose of contaminated leather articles and other materials which cannot be decontaminated.

# Polaris Material Safety Data Sheet

**Local control measures:**

Use adequate ventilation when working with material in an enclosed area. Mechanical methods such as fume hoods or area fans may be used to reduce localized vapor/mist areas. If vapor or mist is generated when the material handled, adequate ventilation in accordance with good engineering practice must be provided to maintain concentrations below the specified exposure. Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored.

**Other:**

Consumption of food and drink should be avoided in work areas where product is present. Always wash hands and face with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking.

## SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<b>Vapor pressure:</b>	<0.1 mm Hg at 20°C (68°F).
<b>API gravity:</b>	4.3° at 15.6°C (60.0°F).
<b>Density:</b>	8.66 lbs/gal at 15.6°C (60.0°F).
<b>Specific gravity:</b>	1.04 at 15.6°C (60.0°F).
<b>Solubility:</b>	Fully miscible in water and most aqueous fluids. Immiscible in oils and many petroleum solvents.
<b>Percent volatile:</b>	~50% volume.
<b>Vapor density (air=1):</b>	Not determined.
<b>Evaporation rate (n-Butyl Acetate=1):</b>	Not determined.
<b>Odor:</b>	Glycol odor.
<b>Appearance:</b>	Fluorescent yellow-green to green, clear fluid.
<b>Viscosity:</b>	~4 cSt at 40°C (104°F).
<b>Boiling point:</b>	Not determined.
<b>Pour/Freeze point:</b>	Solidification is below -40°C (-40°F).
<b>Other:</b>	pH ~10. Brix ~37 (temperature compensated).

## SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<b>Stability:</b>	Material is stable at room temperatures and pressure.
<b>Conditions to avoid:</b>	Avoid high temperatures and product contamination.
<b>Incompatibility with other materials:</b>	Avoid contact with acids and oxidizing materials.
<b>Decomposition products:</b>	Smoke, carbon monoxide and dioxide, and other aldehydes of incomplete combustion. Oxides of CO <sub>x</sub> , NO <sub>x</sub> , reactive hydrocarbons and irritating vapors.
<b>Hazardous polymerization:</b>	Will not occur.
<b>Other:</b>	Not applicable.

## SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

<b>Oral toxicity:</b>	See Section 3 and 4. Animal data does not reflect human toxicity.
<b>Dermal toxicity:</b>	LD50 believed to be <1.00 - 2.00 g/kg (rabbit), slightly toxic.
<b>Inhalation toxicity:</b>	Not determined.
<b>Dermal sensitization:</b>	Skin (Draize) Believed to be >0.50 - 3.00 / 8.0 (rabbit), slightly irritating. Eyes (Draize) Believed to be >15.00 - 25.00 / 110 (rabbit), slightly irritating.
<b>Chronic toxicity:</b>	Not determined.
<b>Carcinogenicity:</b>	Material contains items not listed by OSHA, IARC or NTP.
<b>Mutagenicity:</b>	Not determined.
<b>Reproductive toxicity:</b>	Oral administration of ethylene glycol to pregnant experimental animals has been shown to cause birth defects in offspring. These effects were not seen when ethylene glycol was administered by dermal application or by inhalation.
<b>Other:</b>	Continuous ingestion of a diet containing 1 or 2% ethylene glycol for two years produced liver and kidney damage, and bladder stones in rats.

# Polaris Material Safety Data Sheet

## SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Environmental toxicity:** This material may be toxic to aquatic organisms and should be kept out of sewage and drainage systems and all bodies of water.

**Environmental fate:** Not determined.

**Other:** This material is estimated to have a moderate ( $\geq 30\%$ ) rate of biodegradation in a test for ready biodegradation. Material is estimated to have a low potential to bioconcentrate.

## SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Waste disposal:** See Section 6. Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. This product unadulterated by other materials may be classified as a non-regulated waste in some areas - but still needs to be disposed of at approved facilities. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state, and local laws.

**Disposal consideration:** Antifreeze may be reclaimed. Contact local garages/shops for disposal. Also look in a local telephone directory or internet for headings under, 'Waste', 'Waste Services', 'Waste Disposal' for companies licensed to handle such material. Additional information can be obtained from local EPA, DNR, Sewer and Land-Fill sites. Unused, packaged fluids may be donated to other companies or charities (fluids MUST be unused).

**Other:** The transportation, storage, treatment and disposal of RCRA waste material must be conducted in compliance with 40 CFR 262, 263, 264, 268 and 270. Disposal can only occur in properly permitted facilities. Check state and local regulations for any additional requirements as these may be more restrictive than federal laws and regulations. Chemical additions, processing or otherwise altering this material may make the waste management information presented in this MSDS incomplete, inaccurate or otherwise inappropriate. Disposal of this material must be conducted in compliance with all federal, state, and local regulations.

## SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**U.S. DOT shipping description:** Environmentally Hazardous (solid/liquid) N.O.S., Class 9 for quantities greater than 5000 pounds (~500 gallons) to meet CERCLA requirements.

**U.S. DOT identification number:** UN3082 for quantities greater than 5000 pounds.

**U.S. DOT hazard classification:** Environmentally Hazardous for quantities greater than 5000 pounds.

**Packaging class:** III.

**IATA Non-Bulk:** Not regulated by IATA

**IMDG Non-Bulk:** Not regulated by IMGA (in quantities under 5,000 lbs in any one inner package)

**Other:** These materials are exempt from DOT regulations unless quantities greater than 5000 pounds are transported.

## SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

**Clean water act/oil pollution act:** Contact the National Response Center at 800-424-8802 in the case of a spill that enters waterways.

**TSCA:** All components of this material are listed in the U.S. TSCA Inventory.

**Other TSCA:** Not applicable.

**SARA Title III:** Section 302/304 extremely hazardous substances:  
This product does not contain greater than 0.1% of any chemical substance listed under Sections 302/304.

Section 311, 312 hazard categorization:

Acute (immediate health effects):	YES
Chronic (delayed health effects):	YES
Fire (hazard):	NO

# Polaris Material Safety Data Sheet

Reactivity (hazard): NO  
 Pressure (sudden release hazard): NO

**CERCLA:** Section 313 toxic chemicals:  
 1,2 ethanediol (CAS 107-21-1) 60% maximum.  
 For stationary/moving sources – reportable quantity (due to):  
 5000 pounds due to ethylene glycol.

**Other:** Recommend contacting the local authorities in the event of any type of spill to determine local reporting requirements and also to aid in the cleanup.

WHMIS Classification:  
 Class D, Div 1, Subdiv B: Toxic.  
 Class D, Div 2, Subdiv A: Teratogenic.  
 Class D, Div 2, Subdiv B: Chronic toxic effects.

Ethylene glycol appears on the following State list(s):  
 Florida Toxic Substance.  
 Massachusetts Hazardous Substances (Codes 4 and F9).  
 Pennsylvania Hazardous Substances (Code E).

Diethylene glycol appears on the following State list(s):  
 Pennsylvania Hazardous Substances.

<b>SECTION 16</b>	<b>OTHER INFORMATION</b>
-------------------	--------------------------

	NFPA 704	NPCA-HMIS	KEY
<b>HEALTH:</b>	1	2	0 = Minimal
<b>FIRE:</b>	1	1	1 = Slight
<b>REACTIVITY:</b>	0	0	2 = Moderate
<b>SPECIFIC HAZARD:</b>	NONE	N/A	3 = Serious
<b>PROTECTION INDEX:</b>	N/A	B	4 = Severe

Precautionary labels:

- HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED
- MAY CAUSE DIZZINESS AND DROWSINESS
- MAY CAUSE EYE IRRITATION
- ASPIRATION HAZARD IF SWALLOWED, CAN ENTER LUNGS
- CAN CAUSE KIDNEY DAMAGE IF SWALLOWED

External information: This product may be formulated in part with components purchased from other companies. In many instances, especially when proprietary or trade secret materials are used. Polaris must rely upon information provided by those materials manufacturers or distributors.

Revision date: 1/6/2012  
 File: Polaris Premium Antifreeze(0139)  
 Version: V

INFORMATION PROVIDED IN THIS MSDS IS CONSIDERED ACCURATE AND RELIABLE BASED ON INFORMATION ISSUED FROM INTERNAL AND OUTSIDE SOURCES TO THE BEST OF POLARIS'S KNOWLEDGE. HOWEVER, POLARIS MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS, GUARANTEES OR WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR THE PARTICULAR PURPOSE, REGARDING THE ACCURACY OF SUCH INFORMATION OR THE RESULT TO BE OBTAINED FROM THE USE THEREOF, OR AS TO THE SUFFICIENCY OF THE INFORMATION HEREIN PRESENTED. POLARIS ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR INJURY TO RECIPIENT OR TO THIRD PERSONS OR FOR ANY DAMAGE TO ANY PROPERTY AND RECIPIENT ASSUMES ALL SUCH RISKS.

Revisions / Comments:  
 MSDS reviewed: 07/30/2007  
 Section 1: Removed part number and updated revision date 8/4/2010  
 Section 14 reviewed and updated 10/21/2011  
 MSDS reviewed 1/6/2012. Sections 2,5,7,10,16 updated